



GCSE HISTORY

Paper 1B/A: Conflict and tension, the First World War 1894–1918

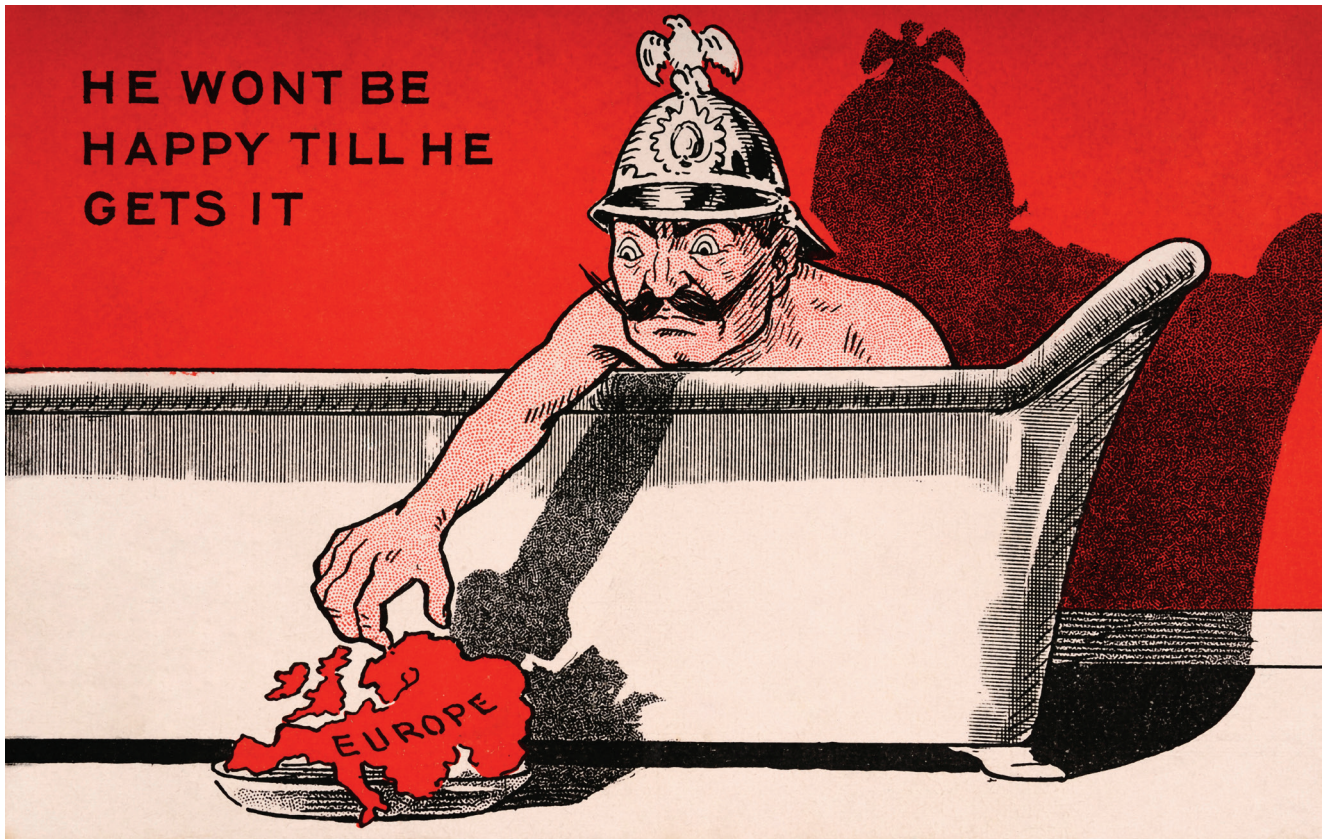
Sources Booklet

Source A for use in answering Questions 01

Sources B and **C** for use in answering Question 02

Source A

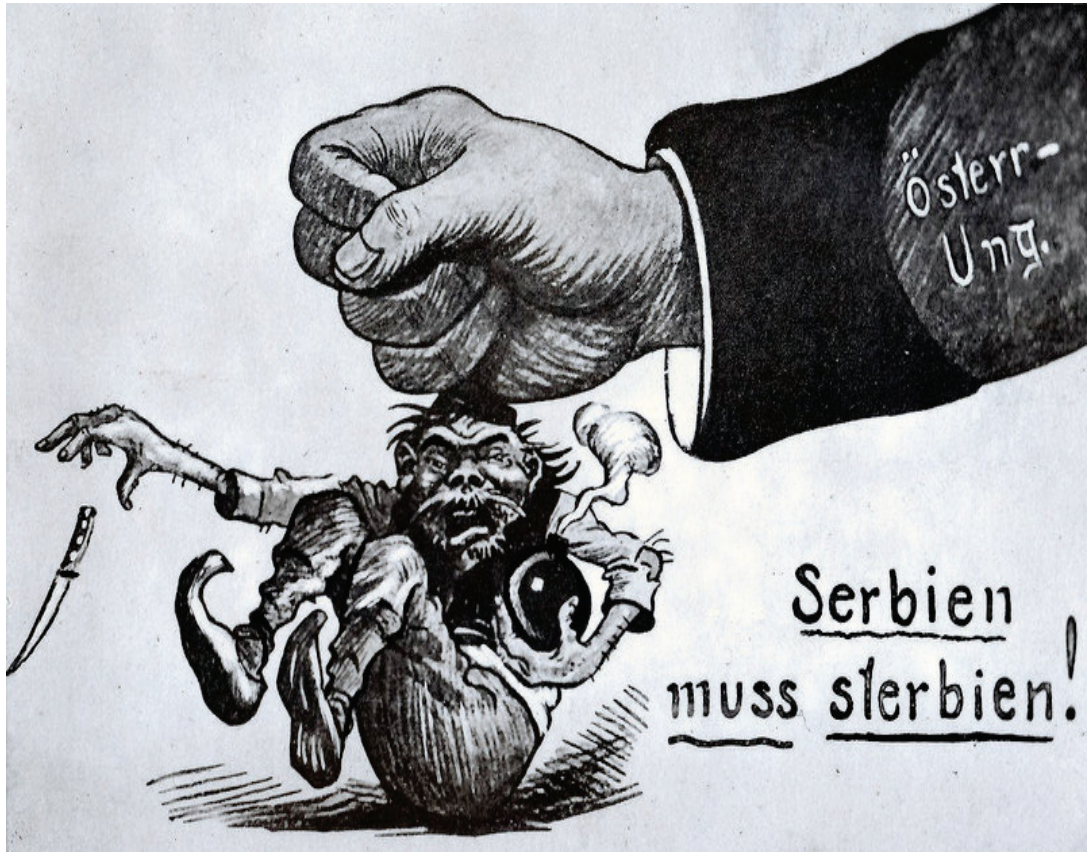
A British postcard cartoon of Kaiser Wilhelm produced in late 1914.



Source B

An Austro-Hungarian postcard produced in 1914 after the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand in Sarajevo.

The fist represents Austria-Hungary, while the writing says 'Serbia must die'.

**Source C**

From advice given by Conrad von Hotzendorf, the leader of the Austro-Hungarian armed forces, to the Austro-Hungarian government after the assassination of Archduke Franz Ferdinand in 1914.

This is not the crime of a single fanatic; the assassination is Serbia's declaration of war on Austria-Hungary. If we miss this chance, Austria-Hungary will break up. We must wage war to prevent this. To wait any longer means a diminishing of our chances – there must be a final and fundamental reckoning with the Serbs. It will be a hopeless fight – nevertheless it must be waged.

END OF SOURCES

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Source A: Image © Popperfoto /Getty Images

Source B: Image © Serbien muss sterbien! ("Serbia must die!"), 1914

Source C: Text extract © A Lack of Offensive Spirit, A MacDonald, 1916.

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