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Level 2 Certificate  
**FURTHER MATHEMATICS**

Formulae Sheet

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## Perimeter, area and volume

Where  $a$  and  $b$  are the lengths of the parallel sides and  $h$  is their perpendicular separation:

$$\text{Area of a trapezium} = \frac{1}{2}(a + b)h$$

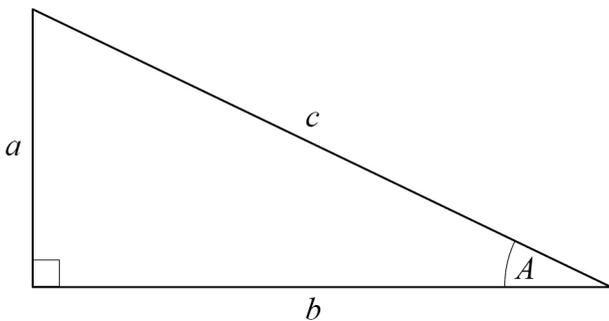
Volume of a prism = area of cross section  $\times$  length

Where  $r$  is the radius and  $d$  is the diameter:

$$\text{Circumference of a circle} = 2\pi r = \pi d$$

$$\text{Area of a circle} = \pi r^2$$

## Pythagoras' Theorem and Trigonometry



In any right-angled triangle where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides and  $c$  is the hypotenuse:

$$a^2 + b^2 = c^2$$

In any right-angled triangle  $ABC$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides and  $c$  is the hypotenuse:

$$\sin A = \frac{a}{c} \quad \cos A = \frac{b}{c} \quad \tan A = \frac{a}{b}$$

In any triangle  $ABC$  where  $a$ ,  $b$  and  $c$  are the length of the sides:

$$\text{sine rule: } \frac{a}{\sin A} = \frac{b}{\sin B} = \frac{c}{\sin C}$$

$$\text{cosine rule: } a^2 = b^2 + c^2 - 2bc \cos A$$

$$\text{Area of triangle} = \frac{1}{2} ab \sin C$$

$$\text{For any angle } \theta \quad \tan \theta = \frac{\sin \theta}{\cos \theta}$$

$$\text{and } \sin^2 \theta + \cos^2 \theta = 1$$

## Coordinate Geometry

Equation of a straight line passing through  $(x_1, y_1)$  with gradient  $m$   $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

The general equation of a circle, centre  $(a, b)$ , radius  $r$   $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$

## Quadratic formula

The solution of  $ax^2 + bx + c = 0$  where  $a \neq 0$

$$x = \frac{-b \pm \sqrt{b^2 - 4ac}}{2a}$$